

NEWS OF THE WHOLE WORLD BY CABLE.

JEWS' ARCH TO KAISER.



ALL nations and all confessions represented in the Holy Land vied with each other during the pilgrimage of Germany's imperial couple in their display of homage to the distinguished visitors. Many large arches were erected. The arch to greet the Emperor was one built by the Fellahs at Abu Rosch, on the way from Jaffa. Then the procession passed under a large arch which it is intended, will remain permanent in the Emperor's honor at the Jaffa gate. The last under which the procession passed was the Arch of the Jews, which was adorned by the flags of all nations. It bore as superscription in Hebrew and German the text from Psalms, xxviii, 26: "Blessed be that cometh in the name of the Lord, we have blessed you out of the house of the Lord."

SPAIN WANTS TO BE WHITEWASHED

Must We Apologize for the Destruction of Our Battle Ship at Havana?

Special Cable to the Journal, (Copyright, 1898, by W. R. Hearst.)

PARIS, Dec. 5.—To-day's meeting of the Peace Commission lasted four hours. It was the longest session since the Commissioners came to Paris. Several amendments were offered. Substantially eight articles of the treaty were approved.

For three weeks Spain has been playing the United States against Germany in regard to the sale of the Philippines, so as to drive up the price. Although the question of the sale of the island of Ulan, in the Caroline group, did not come up to-day, I am in a position to state what will be Montero's attitude to-morrow, as based upon his instructions from Madrid. He will point out:

1. That the proposed sale of Ulan is not even indirectly mentioned in the protocol.

2. That there is a positive provision in the Spanish Constitution prohibiting the alienation of Spanish territory without the consent of the Cortes.

3. That this consent was obtained merely for territory mentioned in the protocol.

The American Commissioners will not press the matter of the purchase of the island. One of them said to me to-day: "We have delivered one ultimatum. We do not intend to deliver a second."

Montero asked to-day that the safety of church property in the Philippines be guaranteed.

His request was promptly refused. Chairman Day explained that all property in American territory is protected and that special guarantees cannot be given for property of one church to the preference of others.

The American Commissioners likewise refuse to allow any temporary privileges in Spain in trading with her former colonies and decline to accede to Montero's request. Spain asks that the explosion of the Maine be acknowledged as having been purely accidental.

Agoncillo left this morning for London, breathing vengeance against the United States.

The Commission meets again to-morrow.

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From the declarations of General Weyler it is believed that a union of the followers of Senor Sagasta, Romero, Robledo and General Weyler will be effected as soon as peace is signed.

General Weyler, in an interview, has pronounced against the Conservatives, declaring that Cuba was the only question which separated him from the Liberals. He considers the internal crisis grave. "In view of the attitude of Great Britain, which, by encouraging civil war, desires to do with Spain what the United States has done with her colonies."

Under these circumstances, General Weyler added, he considers that a Sagasta-Robledo Cabinet would be the best able to cope with the situation.

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UNITED STATES DRAWN INTO CHINO-ANGLO-FRENCH WARREL.

We Now Join England in Thwarting France's Last Demand.

Conger Opposes Appeal of Her Ambassador for Territory.

Troublous Aspect of Our First Open Move to Show a Common Interest with Britain in the Far Orient.

Special Cable to the Journal, (Copyright, 1898, by W. R. Hearst.)

PEKIN, Dec. 5.—What may truly be called a grave complication has arisen here, involving as it does France, England, Japan, China and the United States in a dispute over territory asked for if not claimed by the French Government.

The French Ambassador recently applied to the Tsung-li-Yamen for a reversal of the decision of the Viceroy of Nankin, refusing to grant an extension of the French settlement at Shanghai by conceding Po Tung, a suburb.

The Yamen, or Foreign Office, however, instead of reversing the Viceroy's decision, confirmed it.

Conger, the American Minister, co-operated with the British and Japanese Ambassadors in urging that the concession be not granted, Po Tung being chiefly occupied by American and British wharves and warehouses.



Edwin H. Conger, U. S. Minister to China.

M. Bezaure, the French Consul at Shanghai, now threatens that if the French claims are not granted not only for concession of Po Tung, but also the French demands upon Ning Po, the Nankin Volunteers and a French naval force will take forcible possession of the Ning Po Joss house and the land belonging thereto and demolish the wall around the joss house. Should the Chinese resist he declares he will deal with them as rioters, and the French Government will demand, as compensation, another place on the Yang Tse.

Bezaure says that if one Frenchman loses his life further demands will be made. The Shanghai Mercury's Pekin correspondent writes that the French are seeking and making this an opportunity to seize the arsenal and Faroda, which has a good anchorage near Foochow, which they have long hankered after.

The presence of French war ships at Nankin is meant to coerce the Viceroy, who remains firm in refusing the coveted concessions. British and Japanese war ships have also gone to Nankin to assist in stiffening the Viceroy's resistance.

When the application of the French Ambassador for the concession of Po Tung

Threats Are Made by Consul Bezaure to Land Marines.

British and Japanese War Ships Hurried to Nankin.

was announced it was at once opposed not only by Great Britain, but by the United States as well. It was pointed out that the concession of this important suburb of the city would work serious damage to two friendly powers. United States Minister Conger formulated the protests of his Government and opposed the application in person. Between Great Britain, France and Japan on the one hand and France and the other, Shanghai has long been a bone of contention. Although none of the three powers allied together claim any political right there, yet as it is a "treaty port" and the outlet for the fertile Yang-Tse-Kiang Valley they have opposed any concession to any other power.

The United States has an additional interest in the Shanghai provinces for the reason that, as late as last summer a large syndicate, headed by Calvin S. Brice, and other prominent American capitalists, secured important railroad concessions there. The development of these concessions will necessitate the expenditure of immense sums of money. Much has already been expended in preliminary surveys, so that to place the support in the hands of the French would injure American interests considerably.

FATHER IN DUEL WITH DAUGHTER.

Colonel Tynte, resident magistrate at Bunerna, County Donegal, has investigated a remarkable charge arising out of an actual duel between father and daughter. It seems, says the Dublin Daily Independent, that Duncan Magregor is clerk in charge of the extensive fortifications being built by the Government on the shores of Lough Swilly.

His daughter Lily, aged fifteen, and Corporal French, of the Royal Artillery, were sweethearts. Magregor disapproved of this, and one day while the three were driving from one fort to another he ordered the girl off French's side of the car. Subsequently, about midnight, hot words passed between father and daughter, with the result, as alleged, that, seeing her father put his hand on his belt containing his revolver, the girl said: "If there is to be shooting, I am in it," and took down a rifle.

Both father and daughter fired simultaneously and each received scratch wounds. The police charged both with shooting and Magregor with cruelty in keeping his daughter out in the cold all night. Evidence was given at length and the girl displayed great ability in cross-examining the witnesses called against her.

Magistrate Tynte returned both for trial on a charge of shooting. The charge of cruelty against the father was adjourned.

KENTUCKY BOYS HOMEWARD BOUND. First Regiment Sailed from Porto Rico for the United States on Sunday.

Ponce, Porto Rico, Dec. 5.—The transport Berlin, with the First Kentucky Regiment on board, sailed yesterday for the United States. The streets were filled with enthusiastic crowds desirous of witnessing the departure of the troops, and to bid them farewell. General Guy V. Henry and his staff are also on board the Berlin, bound for San Juan, where the Berlin will call to-morrow.

General Brooke, Mrs. Brooke, General Sheridan and Mrs. Sheridan will embark on the Berlin at San Juan, where General Henry will take charge. The first Kentucky will be landed at Newport News. No one but the Brooke party, the Sheridan party and the Kentucky regiment will call for home by the Berlin.

15 GIRLS KILLED AT FACTORY FIRE. Fifty Others Dangerously Injured During a Conflagration in a Russian Hosiery Works.

Vilna, Russia, Dec. 5.—During a fire in the Bloch hosiery factory at this place the flames spread so rapidly that a large number of women and girls employed in the establishment were forced to jump from the windows on the second story. As a result fifteen of them were killed and fifty others dangerously injured.

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Captain Sigbee, on a recent visit to Secretary Long, and again to-day, advocated such a memorial. He said to-day that it was hardly possible to remove the bodies to Arlington, as had been contemplated.

To Study Care of Troops in Tropics. Washington, Dec. 5.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. M. O'Reilly, Chief Surgeon, and Lieutenant Weston will start in a day or two on the hospital steamer Bay State from New York for Kingston, Jamaica, to investigate the British method of caring for troops in tropical climates. Surgeon O'Reilly is to be the chief surgeon at Havana, under the temporary occupation.

CRETE'S VIZIER SECRETLY KILLED.

Constantinople Report That Djavad Pasha Has Been "Removed."

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 5.—It is rumored here that Djavad Pasha, former Grand Vizier, who has been imprisoned for displeasing the Sultan when Commander in Chief before the recent evacuation of the Turks, has been secretly executed.

Djavad Pasha had been the recipient of numerous distinctions during the reign of the Sultan and for this reason had many enemies at court. The blame for the unruly condition in Crete was placed on him, and he was recalled before the powers assembled.

Instead of being imprisoned at once he was selected to escort the German Emperor through Syria and the Holy Land, but his fate had been decided upon before he joined the imperial party. Immediately after the Emperor's return to the continent Djavad Pasha was arrested. Even if the rumor of his execution is false, there is little hope for one who has incurred the disfavor of the Turkish autocrat.

Wide World Gleanings. One of the few countries that Adeline Patti has never visited is Sweden, the home of Baron Hjalderstrom, to whom she is engaged to be married.

The earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the last week in November were \$758,000; the same period last year, \$725,000, which shows an increase of \$33,000.

The Empress Eugenie still remains in Paris, and, attended by Mme. Lehoton, takes a walk every afternoon on the terrace of the Tuilleries without attracting any notice.

During the visit of the German Emperor to Messina there was played at a concert given by the band of the Italian fleet, a piece composed by the Emperor himself.

It is said that the gambling rooms at Ostend made a profit of nearly one million last season. An Englishman has \$50,000 at one of the tables and a Russian \$42,000.

Major Marchand, of Fashoda fame, celebrated his thirty-sixth birthday last Monday. He began life as a notary's clerk in France. He has been both in the army and marine, but has spent the greater portion of his life in exploring for geographical purposes.

The latest picture purchased by the Russian Ambassador at Madrid, the "Christ with the Blue Eyes," is pronounced by experts to be the work of Michael Angelo. The discovery has created a sensation in the world of art.

One hundred artists, sixty men and forty women, find a comfortable home in the new institution in Milan which Verdi has had erected for destitute and disabled musicians.

Major Esterhazy's book on the Dreyfus affair is expected to appear in Paris this week. It is the major attributes his false confession of the authorship of the "bordereau" to his material wants brought about by persecution that drove him to desert from the army.

The first woman architect to be admitted to the Royal Institute of British Architects is Miss Ethel Mary Charles. At the final examination the candidate is required to design a building of an important public character to show a complete knowledge of style, construction, planning, foundations, etc. This Miss Charles successfully accomplished.

Three cities in Europe are just now enjoying chrysanthemum shows—Paris, London and Copenhagen.

Monument to the Maine's Dead. Secretary Long Asks Senator Hale to Draw a Bill Appropriating \$10,000 for One.

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ART IN A TYRANT'S HANDS.



THIS is the way a German artist, languishing in a Munich prison, under a three months' sentence for lese majeste, seeks sweet revenge. The name of the bold sketcher is Herr Th. Heintze, and he is not only the chief artist but one of the publishers of the German comic weekly, Simplicissimus. The particular offence which landed Herr Heintze in prison was drawing a cartoon satirizing the Emperor's entry into Jerusalem. The entire edition containing this cartoon was confiscated by the authorities. Artist Heintze is yet drawing cartoons, though evidently under difficulties. The above, his latest laborious effort, appears in this week's Simplicissimus.

SPANISH TOY FLEET TO DEPART.

HAVANA, Dec. 5.—General Maximo Gomez, the commander-in-chief of the insurgent forces, has ordered that apartments be prepared for him at his residence, in Guanabacoa, now occupied by his niece. The General will come here after the completion of the evacuation.

The Admiralty officials have announced that the Spanish war vessels will sail hence in the following order: The cruisers Alfonso XII, Infanta Isabel and Conde de Venadito will leave on December 11, and will go direct to Spain; the transport Rapido, with the transport Filipinas in tow; the torpedo boat Vincente Yanez Pinzon and the cruisers Hernan Cortes and Conde de Euzenado will sail on December 18 and proceed for Martinique.

The transport Meteoro, carrying Admiral Mantefera and his staff, and the cruisers Diego Velasquez and Marques de Molins will depart on December 25 and will also go to Martinique. Thence the fleet will proceed for Spain, going by way of the Cape Verde Islands.

In a dispute yesterday between two discharged negro teamsters of the Quartermaster's Department and two Spanish soldiers, one of the negroes, named Campbell, was seriously wounded. One of the soldiers, named Campbell, was arrested, but the latter refused to take charge of Campbell, saying he should be tried and sent to prison by the Spanish courts in the same manner as another prisoner.

LONDON HAS A GREAT WILL CASE. A Wealthy Suicide Leaves a Fortune to His Fiancee, but the Bequest is Contested.

London, Dec. 5.—The next cause celebre to startle the metropolis will be a case arising out of the testament of a wealthy stockbroker who recently committed suicide. The case promises to be one of a highly sensational character. The suicide left a will bequeathing the sum of \$400,000 to a young woman to whom he had been formally engaged to be married.

The will is contested by the deceased's father on the ground that the testator was of unsound mind when he made it.

JAMAICA FOR AN EASTERN STATE. An English Newspaper Declares Great Britain Wants to Make This Territorial Exchange.

London, Dec. 5.—The Westminster Gazette is responsible for the remarkable statement that the Hon. Mr. Edgar, ex-Speaker of the Dominion House of Commons, has published a letter advocating the cession by England of Jamaica to the United States in exchange for one of the Eastern States of the Union. This "acquired State," the Gazette thinks should be "allowed to enter the Canadian Dominion as a province."

NEW REPORTS ON MAINE DISASTER. Washington, Dec. 5.—Captain Sigbee has received supplementary reports from Ensign Povelson and Chaplain Chadwick, of the Maine, which will not be published for some time yet.

Ensign Povelson is the officer whose testimony convinced the Court of Inquiry that the ship was destroyed by an external agency. In his present report he presents conclusions drawn from his own testimony.

Chaplain Chadwick's report presents new data, and especially deals with body marks of the fragments of the corpses that were recovered from the Maine. It is hoped that by these marks many of the fragments may be identified.

An Unparalleled Time Record Was made every day during the period of the Omaha Exposition by the trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway on its Chicago & Omaha Short Line.

Although its trains hauled from ten to thirteen well-filled sleeping cars and coaches each night, yet schedule time of arrival at Omaha and at Chicago was an accomplished fact, a record to be proud of, and which has resulted in establishing the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway as the shortest, best and most reliable route from Chicago to Omaha, as well as to California.

All coupon ticket agents sell tickets via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R.R. For information regarding the line address William Kelly, Jr., General Eastern Passenger Agent, 381 Broadway, New York.

Was Once Ambassador at Constantinople. Paris, Dec. 5.—Former Senator Hugues Marie Henri Fournier, who represented the Department of Indre-et-Loire, is dead. He was born in 1821, and was formerly French Ambassador at Constantinople.

The Christmas number of the Sunday Journal will be a splendid monument to religion, art and literature. It will be out next Sunday, price five cents.

Obtained Bulgars' Freedom. "The revelation of the truth about the Bulgarian massacres shattered as by dynamite the traditional policy of England. Mr. Gladstone sprang into the field. The Russian people, moved to its depth by the stories of the sufferings of their brethren, could not but be for the most part quite ready to supersede the barbaric horror that is at present misnamed the Government of Turkey."

Americans May Overthrow the Turk. "But the end is not yet. The American missionaries, who took no part in the abortive Armenian insurrection, were not as a whole much molested. They are working on, teaching, and sowing the seed day by day, creating the forces which will in time overturn the Turkish empire and regenerate the East. The Turk knows it and gnashes his teeth. But behind the American missionary stands the British Consul, and the Sultan fears to give the signal for extermination."

"I shall never forget the intense conviction with which a fanatical friend of the Sultan once declared to me that there would never be a solution of the Eastern question until an American missionary was impaled and his wife and daughters were flung into a Pasha's harem. He spoke more truly than he knew. Because within one month of such an outrage becomes known to the American people the war ships which sweep the fleets of Spain from the sea would have forced the Dardanelles, and executed reputation at the cannon mouth from the Assassin of Stamboul."

"And perhaps in the possibility of such a contingency happening at any time lies the highest hope that humanity has for the extinction of the devastating despotism of the Turkish horde."

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